To provide and maintain a Navy;

To make Rules for the Government and Regulation of the land and naval Forces;

To provide for calling forth the Militia to execute the Laws of the Union, suppress Insurrections and repel Invasions;

To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining, the Militia, and for governing such Part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the Appointment of the Officers, and the Authority of training the Militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

To exercise exclusive Legislation in all Cases whatsoever, over such District (not exceeding ten Miles square) as may, by Cession of particular States, and the acceptance of Congress, become the Seat of the Government of the United States, and to exercise like Authority over all Places purchased by the Consent of the Legislature of the State in which the Same shall be, for the Erection of Forts, Magazines, Arsenals, dock-Yards, and other needful Buildings; And

To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. STEUBE:

H.R. 428.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1. Section 8

The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United

To borrow money on the credit of the United States:

To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes;

To establish an uniform Rule of Naturalization, and uniform Laws on the subject of Bankruptcies throughout the United

To coin Money, regulate the Value thereof, and of foreign Coin, and fix the Standard of Weights and Measures:

To provide for the Punishment of counterfeiting the Securities and current Coin of the United States:

To establish Post Offices and Post Roads;

To promote the Progress of Science and useful Arts, by securing for limited Times to Authors and Inventors the exclusive Right to their respective Writings and Discoveries;

To constitute Tribunals inferior to the supreme Court; and Offenses against the Law of Nations:

To declare War, grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal, and make Rules concerning Captures on Land and Water;

To raise and support Armies, but no Appropriation of Money to that Use shall be for a longer Term than two Years;

To provide and maintain a Navy;

To make Rules for the Government and Regulation of the land and naval Forces;

To provide for calling forth the Militia to execute the Laws of the Union, suppress Insurrections and repel Invasions;

To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining, the Militia, and for governing such Part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the Appointment of the Officers, and the Authority of training the Militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

To exercise exclusive Legislation in all Cases whatsoever, over such District (not ex-

ceeding ten Miles square) as may, by Cession of particular States, and the acceptance of Congress, become the Seat of the Government of the United States, and to exercise like Authority over all Places purchased by the Consent of the Legislature of the State in which the Same shall be, for the Erection of Forts, Magazines, Arsenals, dock-Yards, and other needful Buildings; And

To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. STEUBE:

H.R. 429.

States:

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following: Article 1. Section 8

The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United

To borrow money on the credit of the United States;

To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes;

To establish an uniform Rule of Naturalization, and uniform Laws on the subject of Bankruptcies throughout the United States:

To coin Money, regulate the Value thereof, and of foreign Coin, and fix the Standard ofWeights and Measures:

To provide for the Punishment of counterfeiting the Securities and current Coin of the United States:

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To declare War, grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal, and make Rules concerning Captures on Land and Water;

To raise and support Armies, but no Appropriation of Money to that Use shall be for a longer Term than two Years;

To provide and maintain a Navy;

To make Rules for the Government and Regulation of the land and naval Forces:

To provide for calling forth the Militia to execute the Laws of the Union, suppress Insurrections and repel Invasions;

To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining, the Militia, and for governing such Part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the Appointment of the Officers, and the Authority of training the Militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress:

To exercise exclusive Legislation in all Cases whatsoever, over such District (not exceeding ten Miles square) as may, by Cession of particular States, and the acceptance of Congress, become the Seat of the Government of the United States, and to exercise like Authority over all Places purchased by the Consent of the Legislature of the State in which the Same shall be, for the Erection of Forts, Magazines, Arsenals, dock-Yards, and other needful Buildings: And

To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. STEUBE: H.R. 430.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

The Congress shall have Power To lav and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States:

To borrow money on the credit of the United States:

To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes;

To establish an uniform Rule of Naturalization, and uniform Laws on the subject of Bankruptcies throughout the United States:

To coin Money, regulate the Value thereof, and of foreign Coin, and fix the Standard of Weights and Measures;

To provide for the Punishment of counterfeiting the Securities and current Coin of the United States;

To establish Post Offices and Post Roads;

To promote the Progress of Science and useful Arts, by securing for limited Times to Authors and Inventors the exclusive Right to their respective Writings and Discoveries;

To constitute Tribunals inferior to the supreme Court; and Offenses against the Law of Nations:

To declare War, grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal, and make Rules concerning Captures on Land and Water;

To raise and support Armies, but no Appropriation of Money to that Use shall be for a longer Term than two Years;

To provide and maintain a Navy;

To make Rules for the Government and Regulation of the land and naval Forces;

To provide for calling forth the Militia to execute the Laws of the Union, suppress Insurrections and repel Invasions;

To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining, the Militia, and for governing such Part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the Appointment of the Officers, and the Authority of training the Militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

To exercise exclusive Legislation in all Cases whatsoever, over such District (not exceeding ten Miles square) as may, by Cession of particular States, and the acceptance of Congress, become the Seat of the Government of the United States, and to exercise like Authority over all Places purchased by the Consent of the Legislature of the State in which the Same shall be, for the Erection of Forts, Magazines, Arsenals, dock-Yards, and other needful Buildings; And

To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. THOMPSON of California:

H.R. 431.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I

By Mr. THOMPSON of California: H.R. 432.

Congress has the power to enact this legis-

lation pursuant to the following: Article I

By Mr. TRONE:

H.R. 433.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following: Article I, Section 8 of the Constitution of

the United States.

By Mr. TRONE:

H.R. 434.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the Constitution of the United States.

By Ms. VELAZQUEZ:

H.R. 435.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I. Section 8. Clause 1.

The Congress shall have Power to . . . provide for the . . . general Welfare of the United States: .

By Mr. YOUNG:

H.R. 436.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2 and Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

By Mr. YOUNG:

H.R. 437.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 By Mr. YOUNG:

H.R. 438.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I. Section 8, Clause 3 and Article I, Section 8, Clause 18

By Mr. YOUNG:

H.R. 439.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

By Mr. YOUNG:

H.R. 440.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3

By Mr. YOUNG:

H.R. 441.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV. Section 3. Clause 2 and Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

By Mr. YOUNG:

H R. 442

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV. Section 3. Clause 2 and Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

By Mr. YOUNG:

H.R. 443.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2 and Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

By Mr. YOUNG:

H.R. 444.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2 and Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

By Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN:

H.R. 445.

Congress has the power to enact this legis-

lation pursuant to the following:
Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18: To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Ms. SPEIER:

H.J. Res. 17.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article V of the United States Constitu-

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions, as follows:

H.R. 28: Mr. WENSTRUP, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mrs. Hartzler, Mr. Palmer, Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania, Mr. MASSIE, Mr. WITTMAN, Mr. ROGERS of Kentucky, and Mrs. McClain.

H.R. 38: Mr. JOYCE of Ohio, Mrs. MILLER of Illinois, Mrs. Fischbach, Mrs. Harshbarger, Mr. FEENSTRA, Mr. C. SCOTT FRANKLIN of Florida, and Ms. HERRELL.

H.R. 40: Mrs. KIRKPATRICK and Mr. PHIL-

H.R. 51: Ms. LEGER FERNANDEZ and Mr. LAMB.

55: Ms. Eshoo, Ms. Omar, Mr. AUCHINCLOSS, Mrs. AXNE, Ms. BARRAGÁN, Mrs. Beatty, Mr. Bishop of Georgia, Ms. Blunt Rochester, Ms. Bonamici, Mr. Bow-Mr. Brown, Mrs. Bustos, BUTTERFIELD, Mr. CARSON, Mr. CARTWRIGHT, Mr. Casten, Ms. Castor of Florida, Mr. CICILLINE, Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mr. COOPER, Mr. COSTA, Ms. CRAIG, Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois, Ms. DEAN, Mr. DEFAZIO, Ms. Delbene, Mrs. Demings, Mrs. Dingell, Mr. MICHAEL F. DOYLE of Pennsylvania, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Mr. EVANS, Mr. FOSTER, Mr. GALLEGO, Mr. GARAMENDI, Mr. GARCÍA OF Illinois, Mr. Green of Texas, Mr. Grijalva, Mr. HASTINGS, Mrs. HAYES, Mr. HIGGINS of New York, Ms. Jackson Lee, Mr. Jeffries, Ms. JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia. Mr. Jones, Ms. Kaptur, Ms. Kelly of Illinois, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. KILMER, Mr. Krishnamoorthi, Mr. Larson of Connecticut. Ms. LEE of California, Mr. LOWENTHAL, Mrs. LURIA, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Mr. SEAN PATRICK MALONEY of New York, Ms. McCollum, Mr. McGovern, Ms. Meng, Ms. Moore of Wisconsin, Mr. Nadler, Mrs. Napolitano, Ms. NEWMAN, Ms. NORTON, Mr. O'HALLERAN, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. PANETTA, Mr. PAPPAS, Mr. PAYNE, Mr. PETERS, Ms. PINGREE, Mr. POCAN, Mr. Price of North Carolina, Mr. Quigley, Mr. RASKIN, Miss RICE of New York, Ms. ROY-BAL-ALLARD, Mr. RYAN, Ms. SÁNCHEZ, Mr. SARBANES, Ms. SCANLON, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. Schrader, Ms. Sewell, Mr. Sires, Mr. SMITH of Washington, Ms. Speier, Ms. Ste-VENS, Mr. SUOZZI, Mr. SWALWELL, Mr. TAKANO, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Ms. TLAIB, Mr. TONKO, Mr. TORRES of New York, Mrs. Trahan, Mrs. Watson Coleman, Mr. WELCH, Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia, Ms. WILSON of Florida, and Mr. YARMUTH.

H.R. 79: Miss González-Colón.

H.R. 97: Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia.

H.R. 148: Mr. CASE.

H.R. 151: Ms. Sherrill and Mr. Deutch.

H.R. 217: Mr. Gibbs, Mr. Tiffany, Mr. Rice of South Carolina, and Mrs. McCLAIN.

H.R. 223: Ms. NORTON, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. Khanna, Ms. Speier, Ms. Scha-KOWSKY, Mr. SUOZZI, Ms. TLAIB, Mr. TRONE, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, and Mr. BLU-MENAUER.

H.R. 237: Ms. CASTOR of Florida and Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia.

H.R. 239: Mr. PRICE of North Carolina and Ms. CLARKE of New York.

H.R. 256: Mr. Auchincloss, Mr. Cleaver, and Mr. DESAULNIER.

H.R. 263: Mr. GARCIA of California, Mr. RESCHENTHALER, Mr. BRENDAN F. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, Mr. CROW, Mr. SCHRADER, Ms. MATSUI, Mr. SCHIFF, Ms. CHU, Mr. EVANS, Mr. DEUTCH, Ms. SPEIER, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. PALLONE, Ms. WILD, Mr. UPTON. DELBENE, and Mr. SIRES.

H.R. 265: Mr. VARGAS. Ms. SEWELL. Mr. GRIJALVA, Mr. MEEKS, Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, and Mr. KHANNA.

H.R. 285: Mr. VAN DREW.

H.R. 286: Mr. STEIL.

H.R. 289: Mr. ALLEN.

H.R. 301: Mr. Jeffries.

H.R. 305: Mr. KILMER, Mr. PALLONE, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Ms. SÁNCHEZ, Mrs. TORRES of California, Miss RICE of New York, Mrs. KIRKPATRICK, Mr. BEYER, Ms. PINGREE, Mr. CARBAJAL, Mr. TONKO, Mr. LAWSON of Florida, Mr. CORREA, Ms. CRAIG, Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas, Ms. Chu, Mrs. Hayes, and Mr. Rup-PERSBERGER.

H.R. 322: Mrs. MILLER of Illinois and Mr. WILLIAMS of Texas.

H.R. 334: Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia and Ms. PINGREE.

H.R. 338: Mr. Jones and Mrs. Hayes.

H.R. 343: Mr. JOYCE of Pennsylvania, Mr. ADERHOLT, Ms. HERRELL, and Mr. WOMACK.

H.R. 354: Mrs. McClain.

H.R. 369: Mr. LEVIN of California, Mrs. BUSTOS, and Ms. STEVENS.

H.J. Res. 1: Mr. SARBANES, Ms. BARRAGÁN, Mrs. Beatty, Ms. Bonamici, Mr. Brendan F. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois, Mrs. Demings, Mr. Evans, Mr. GALLEGO, Mr. GOMEZ, Mrs. HAYES, Mr. LOWENTHAL, Mr. LYNCH, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Mr. PAPPAS, Mr. PHILLIPS, Ms. PINGREE, Mr. TORRES of New York, Mrs. Watson Coleman, Mr. Kahele, Mr. Case, Ms. Ross, Mr. Himes, Ms. Norton, Mr. Khanna, Mr. Hastings, Ms. Moore of Wisconsin, Mr. Welch, Mr. Takano, Mr. TONKO, Mr. COOPER, Ms. DELBENE, Ms. McCollum, Mr. Johnson of Georgia, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mr. GREEN of Texas, Mrs. KIRK-PATRICK, Mr. O'HALLERAN, and Ms. NEWMAN.

H.J. Res. 11: Mr. Gibbs, Mr. Mann, Mr. GROTHMAN, Mr. ALLEN, Mrs. McClain, Mr. RICE of South Carolina, Ms. FOXX, Mr. WIL-SON of South Carolina, Mr. McKinley, and Mr. Rouzer.

H.J. Res. 15: Mr. GRIJALVA, Mrs. DINGELL, Mr. Keating, Ms. Jacobs of California, and Mr. CICILLINE.

H.J. Res. 16: Mr. GRIJALVA, Mrs. DINGELL, Mr. KEATING, Ms. JACOBS of California, and Mr. CICILLINE.

H. Con. Res. 4: Ms. Bonamici, Mr. Blu-MENAUER, Mr. LYNCH, and Mr. SOTO.

H. Res. 27: Mr. CUELLAR and Mr. RUIZ.

H. Res. 31: Mr. TRONE, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. Foster, Mr. McEachin, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Ms. CHU, Mr. SIRES, Mr. MCNER-NEY, and Ms. SCHAKOWSKY.

H. Res. 33: Mrs. AXNE, Mr. HASTINGS, Mr. CLEAVER, Mr. NADLER, and Mr. SCHIFF.

H. Res. 39: Mr. KINZINGER, Mrs. LESKO, Mr. PFLUGER, Mrs. FLETCHER, Mr. CALVERT, Mr. VARGAS, Mr. KELLER, Mr. BOST, and Mr. TAY-LOR.

H. Res. 49: Mr. O'HALLERAN.

H. Res. 50: Ms. CHU, Mr. SWALWELL, and Ms. WILD.

H. Res. 51: Ms. CHU, Mr. DESAULNIER, and Mr. Costa.

CONGRESSIONAL EARMARKS, LIM-ITED TAX BENEFITS, OR LIM-ITED TARIFF BENEFITS

Under clause 9 of rule XXI, lists or statements on congressional earmarks, limited tax benefits, or limited tariff benefits were submitted as follows:

OFFERED BY MR. SMITH

The provisions that warranted a referral to the Committee on Armed Services in H.R. 335 do not contain any congressional earmarks, limited tax benefits, or limited tariff benefits as defined in clause 9 of rule XXI.